

MCP by MCP $\Delta\theta_c$ Correction,
Beam $\Delta\theta$ $\Delta\phi$
&
LUT Prism-lens X & Y optimization

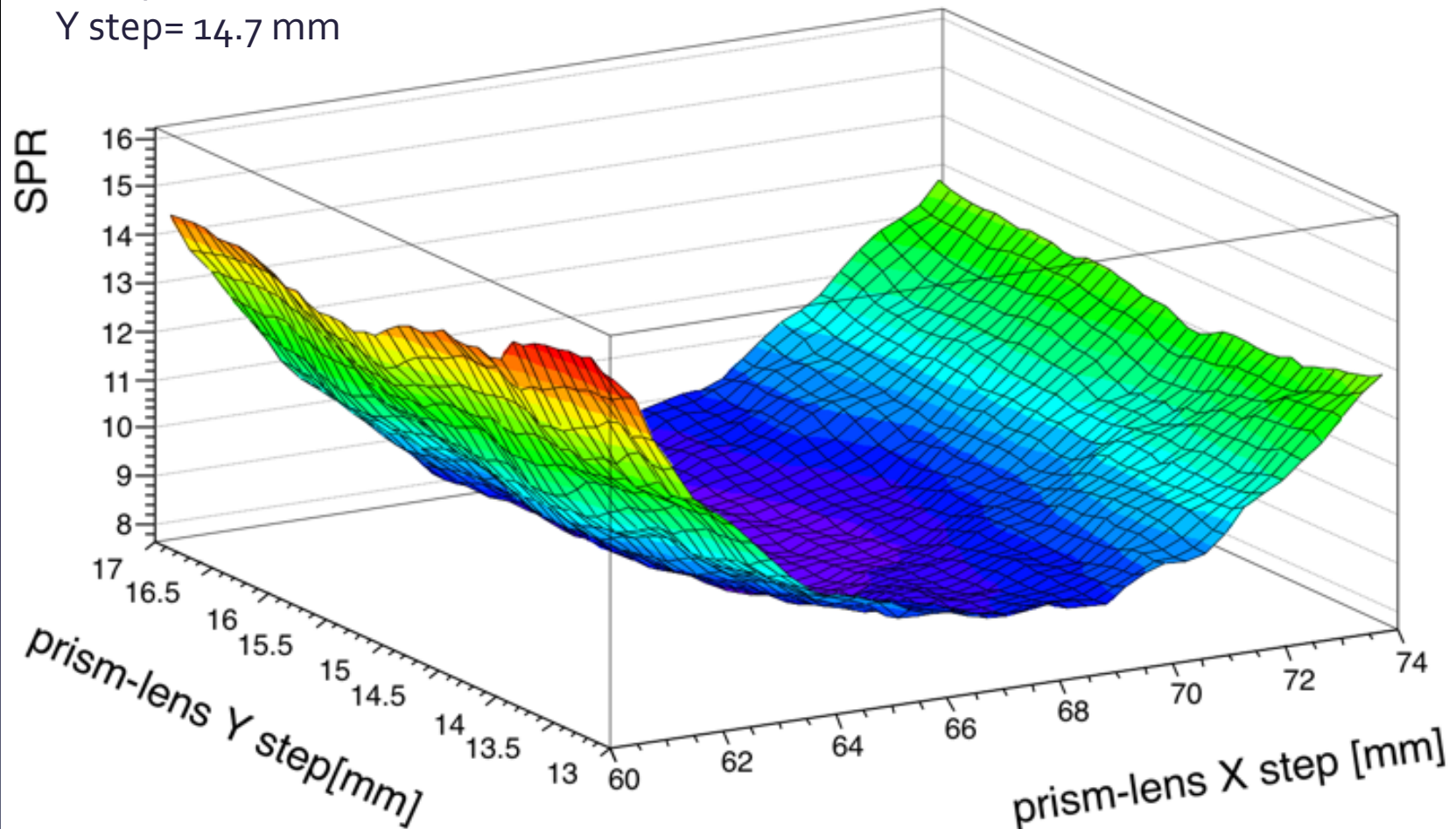
A.A

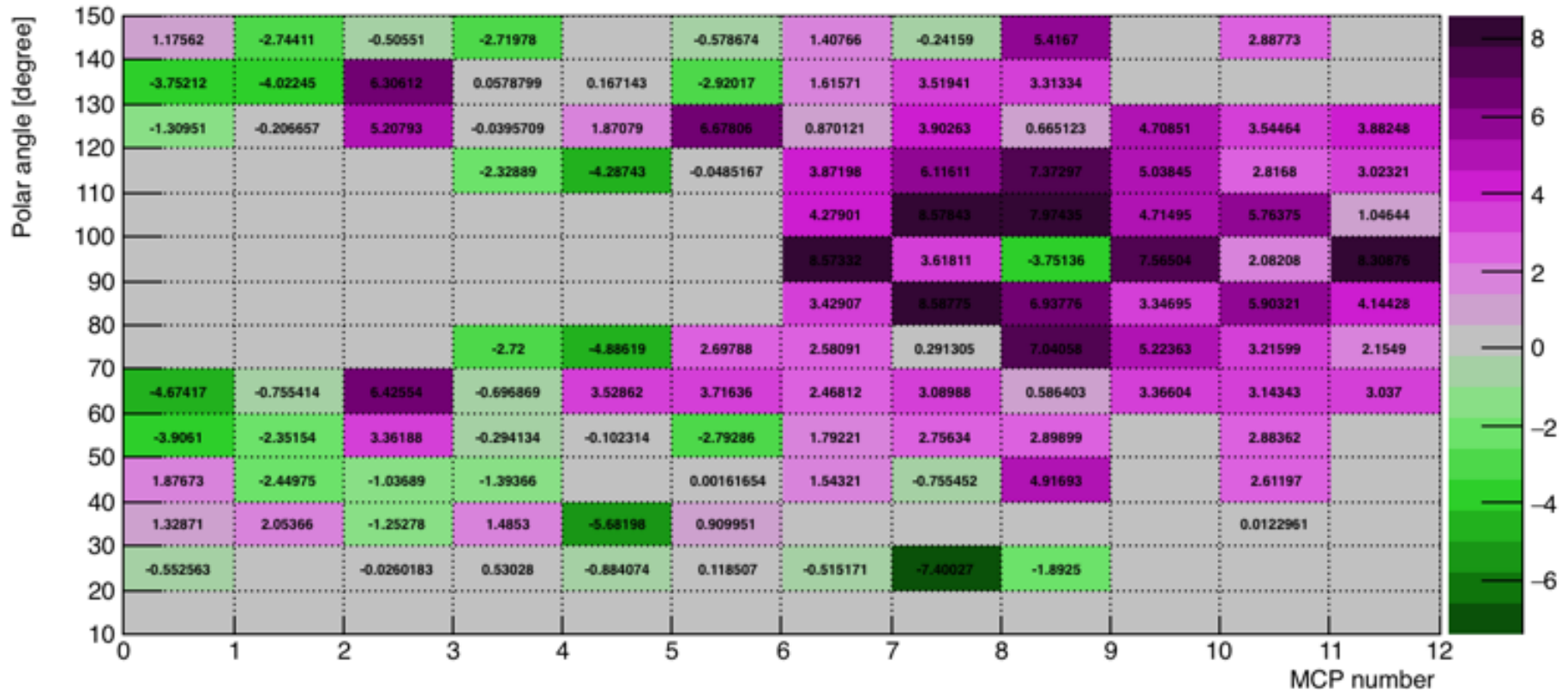
LUT Prism-lens X & Y optimization

LUT optimization

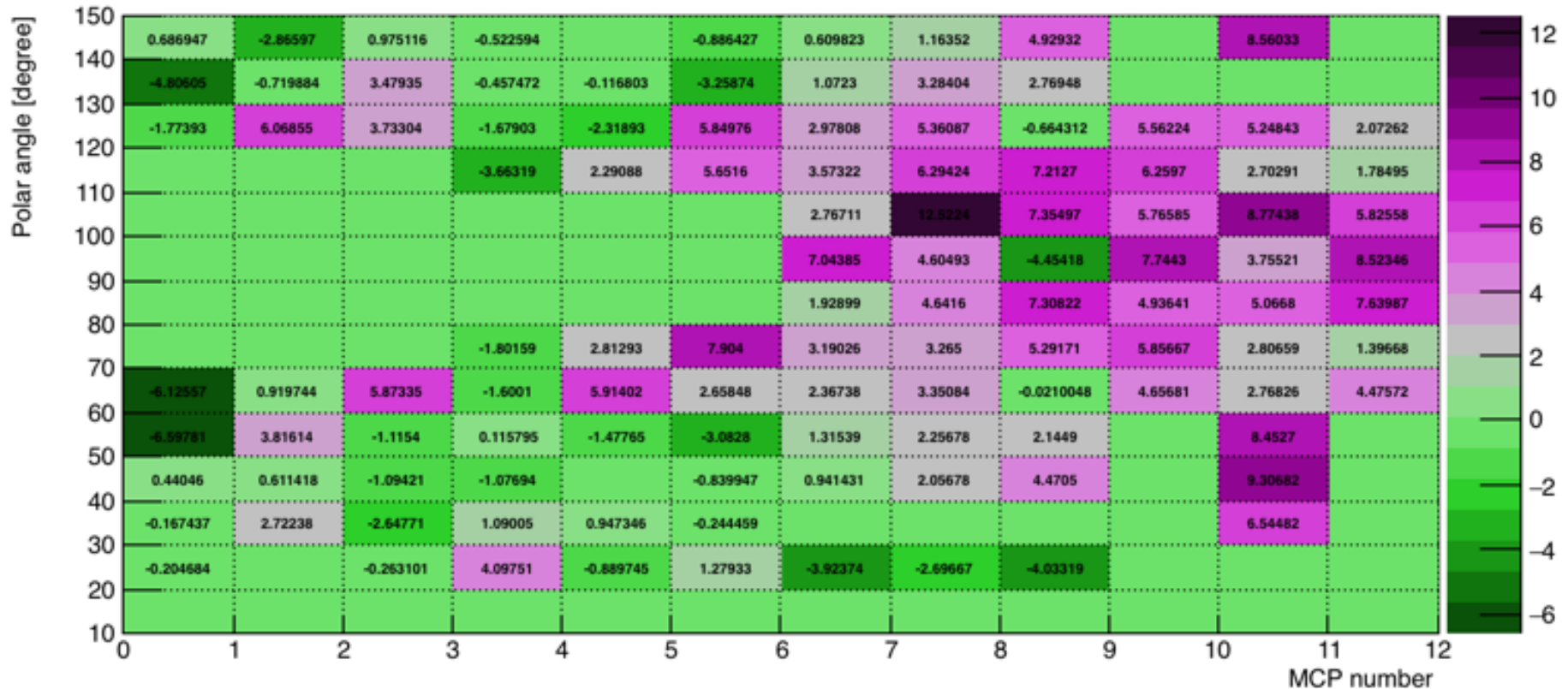
X step= 67 mm

Y step= 14.7 mm

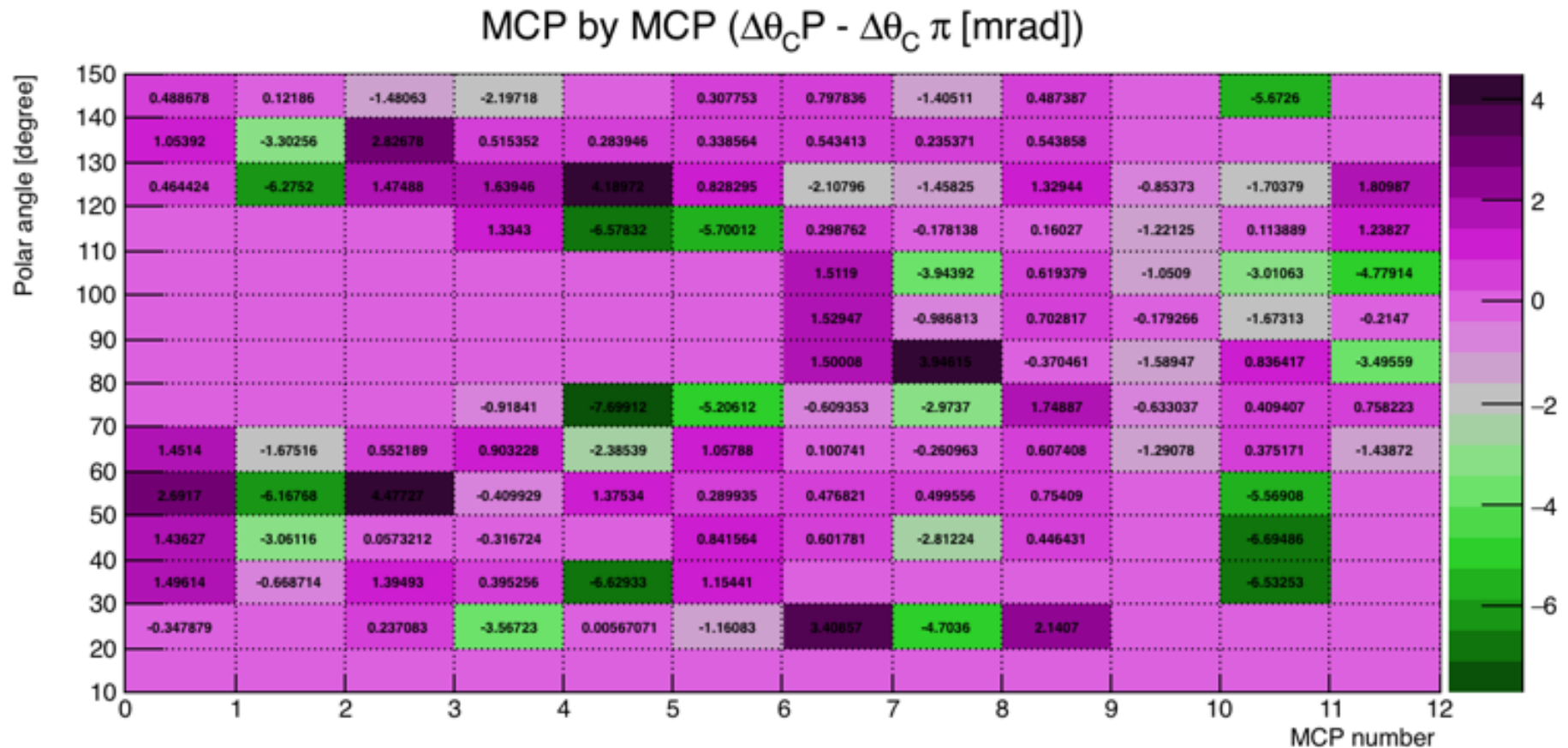


MCP by MCP $\Delta\theta_{\text{CP}}$ [mrad]

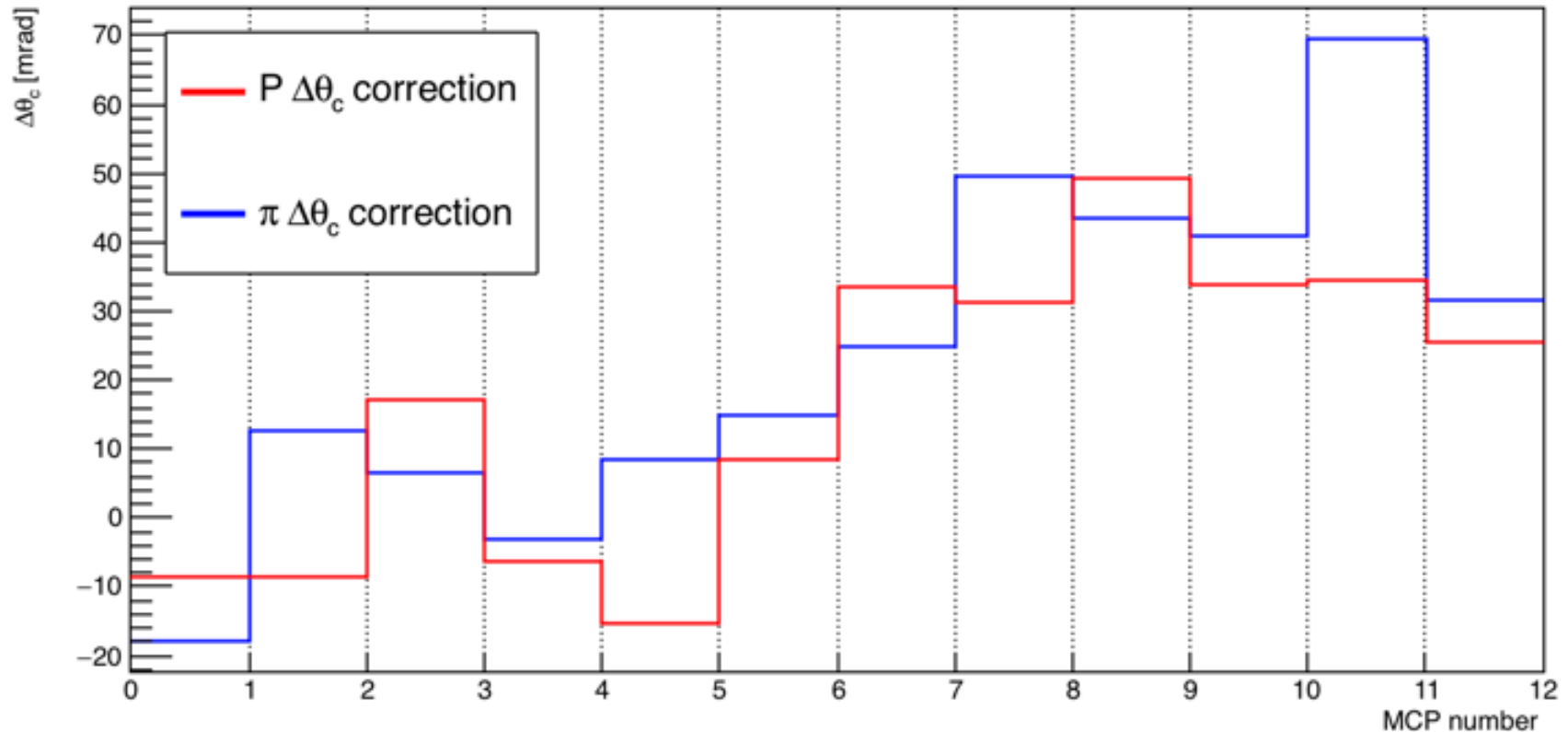
$\pi \Delta\theta_c$ correction

MCP by MCP $\Delta\theta_c \pi$ [mrad]

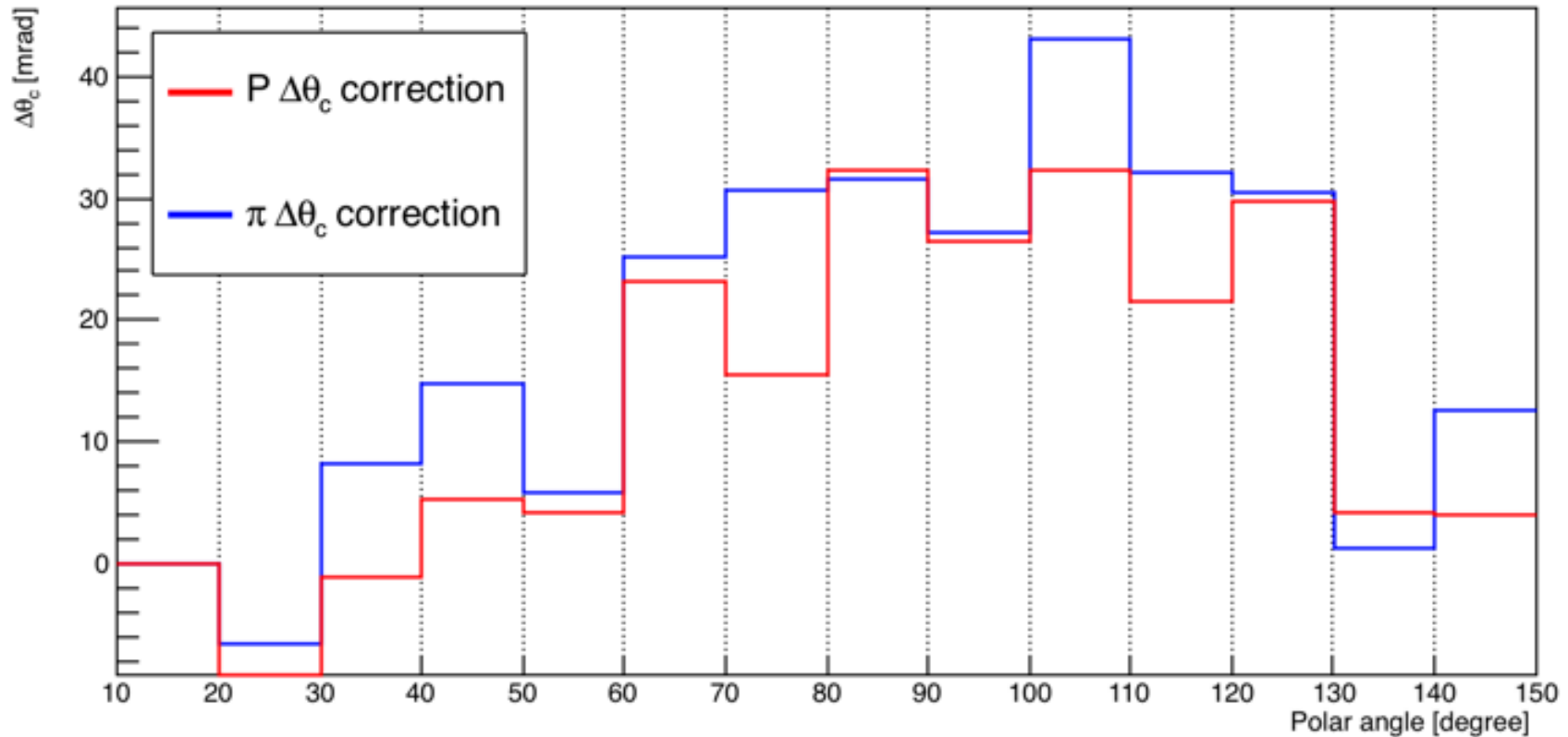
$$P \Delta\theta_{\text{c correction}} - \pi \Delta\theta_{\text{c correction}}$$



MCP projection (all angles)

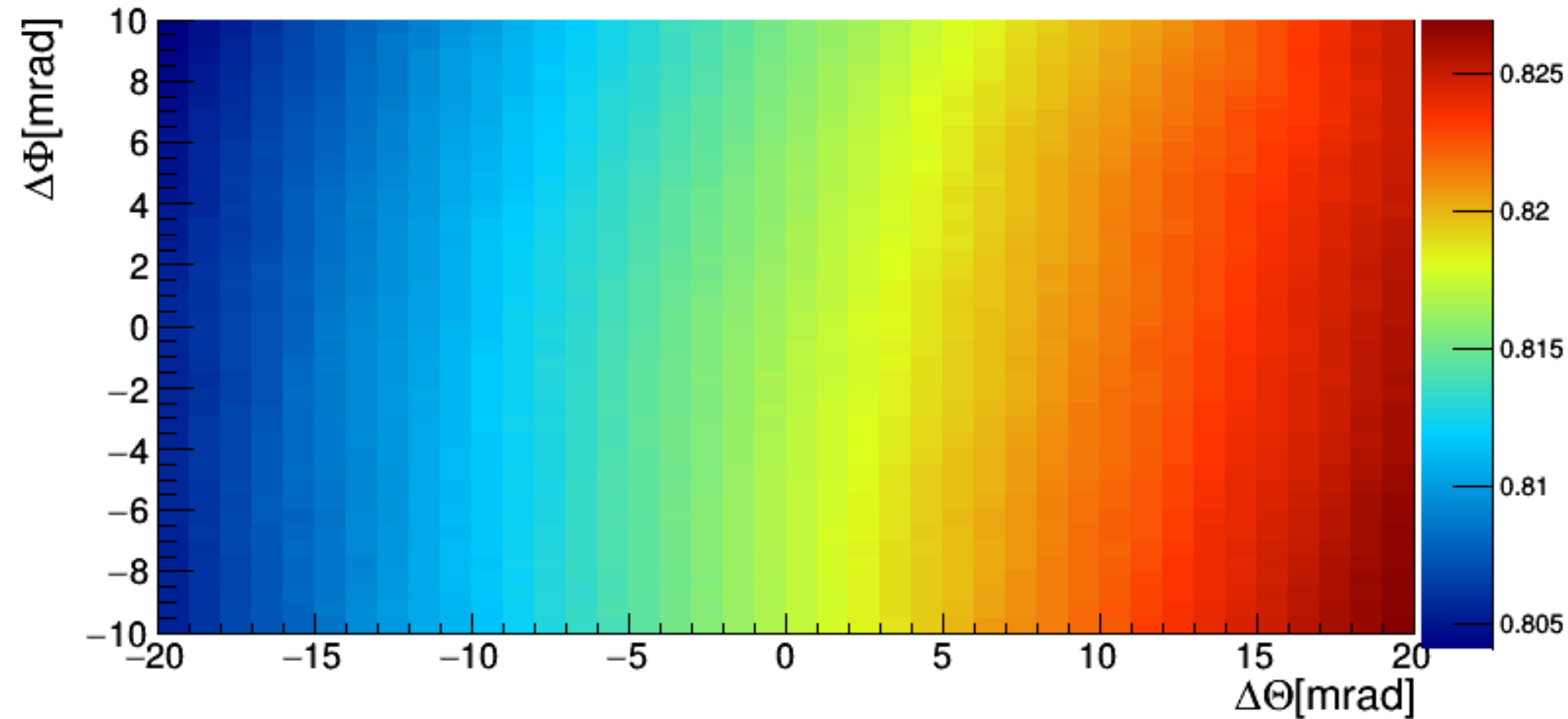


Polar angle projection (all PMT's)



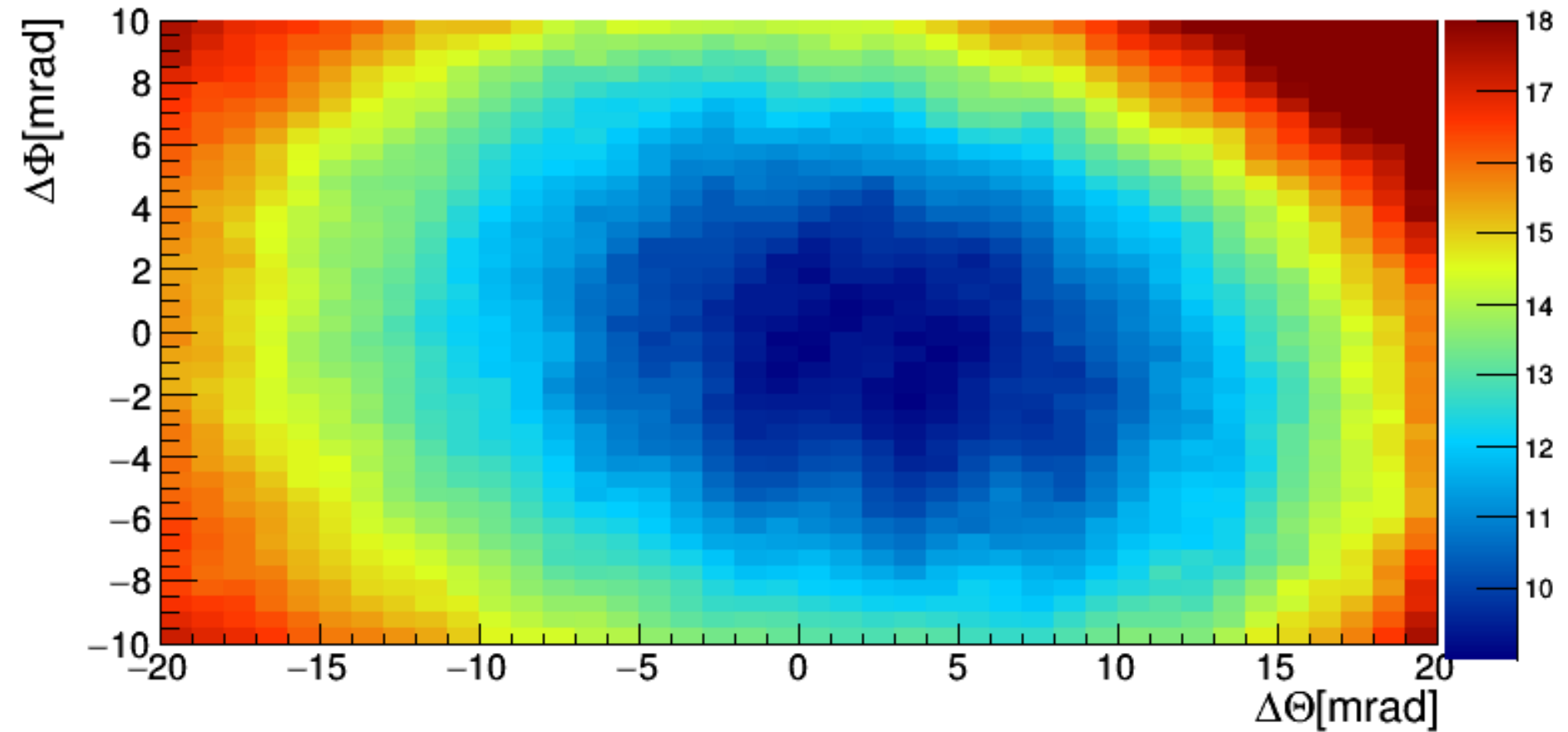
θ_c Mean Value

Mean P data with mcp by mcp θ_c correction for P 20

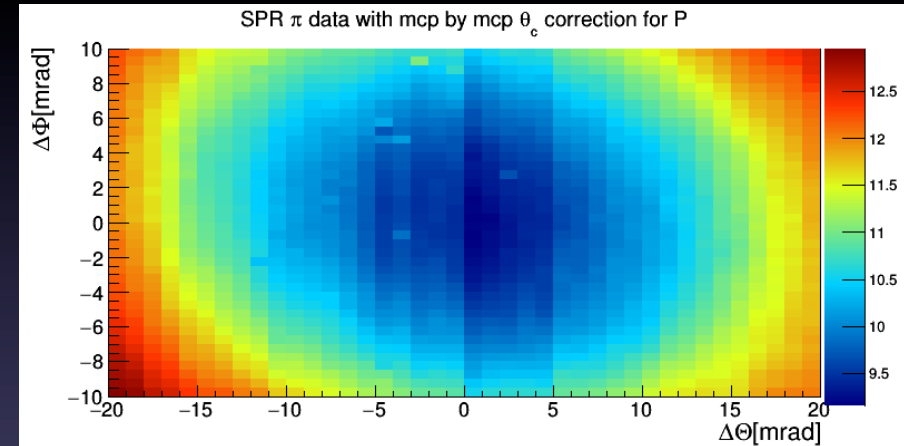
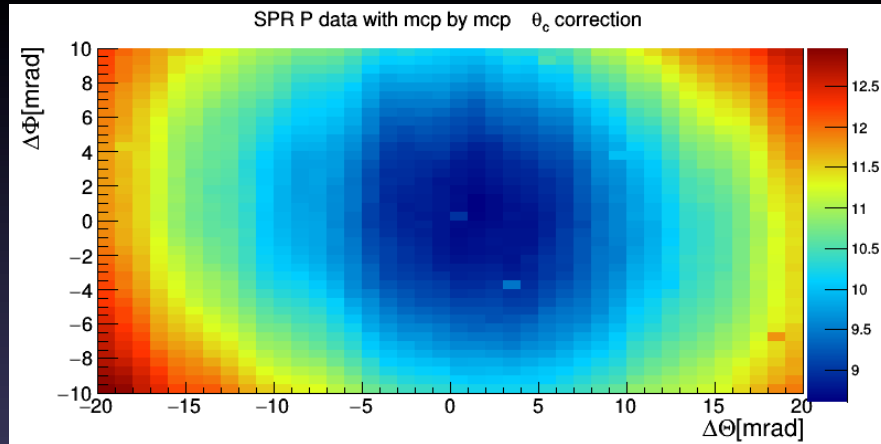


θ_c SPR

SPR P data with mcp by mcp θ_c correction for P 20



θ_c SPR all angles



Conclusion & Outlook

- No significant difference between:

$P \Delta\theta_{\text{c correction}}$ and $\pi \Delta\theta_{\text{c correction}}$

Next Steps:

- Apply $\Delta\theta_{\text{c correction}}$ and Beam $\Delta\theta \Delta\phi_{\text{correction}}$
- Calculate the figure of merits
- Create geometrical reconstruction PDF and calculate π/K separation power