

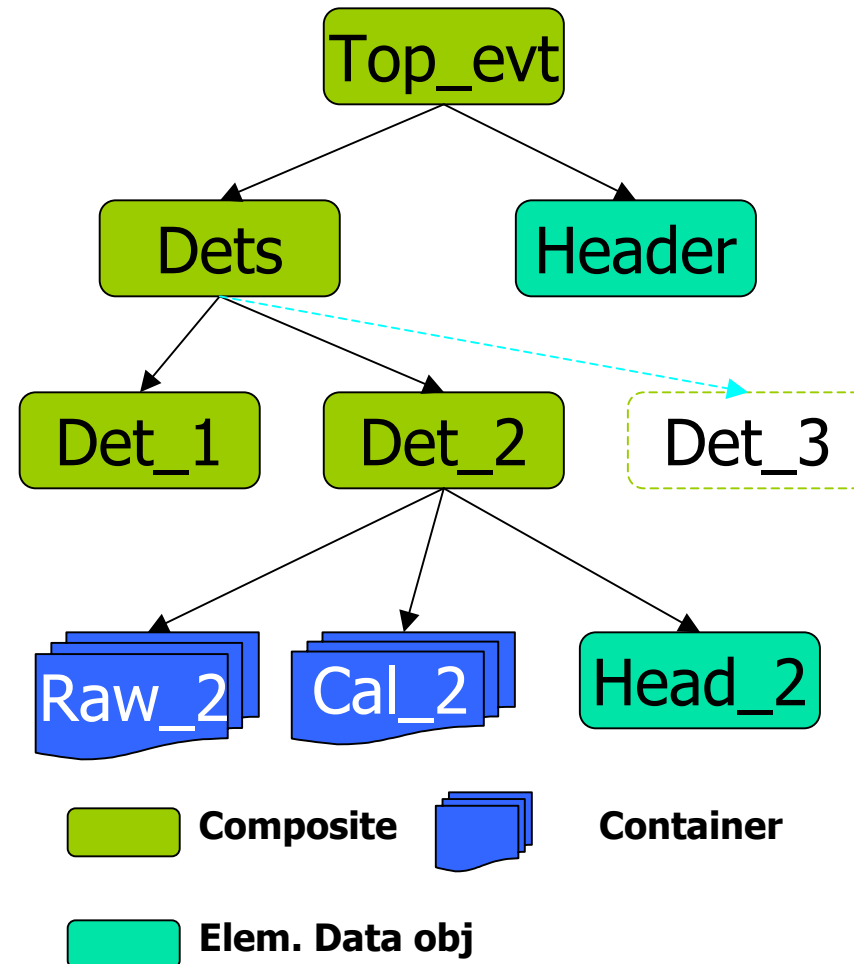
# The GO4 Composite Event Structure



- Motivations
  - The Event Structure
  - Goals
  - Requirements
- OO model implementation
- User Interface
  - Modeling an event structure
  - Data retrieval
- Go4 examples (FOPI )

# The Event Structure

- Structural organization of data record after primary interaction.
- Should represent the natural experimental setup (geometry, detectors, ...)
- Fast direct access of components (indexation needed)
- Full or Partial IO: need to map the event object into a ROOT TTree
- General design to fit to different needs





# Goals

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- Let user build complex Event Structure out of simple Data Object components
- Treats single Data Objects and composition of Data Objects uniformly
- User can group components to form larger components
- Easy data retrieval from file

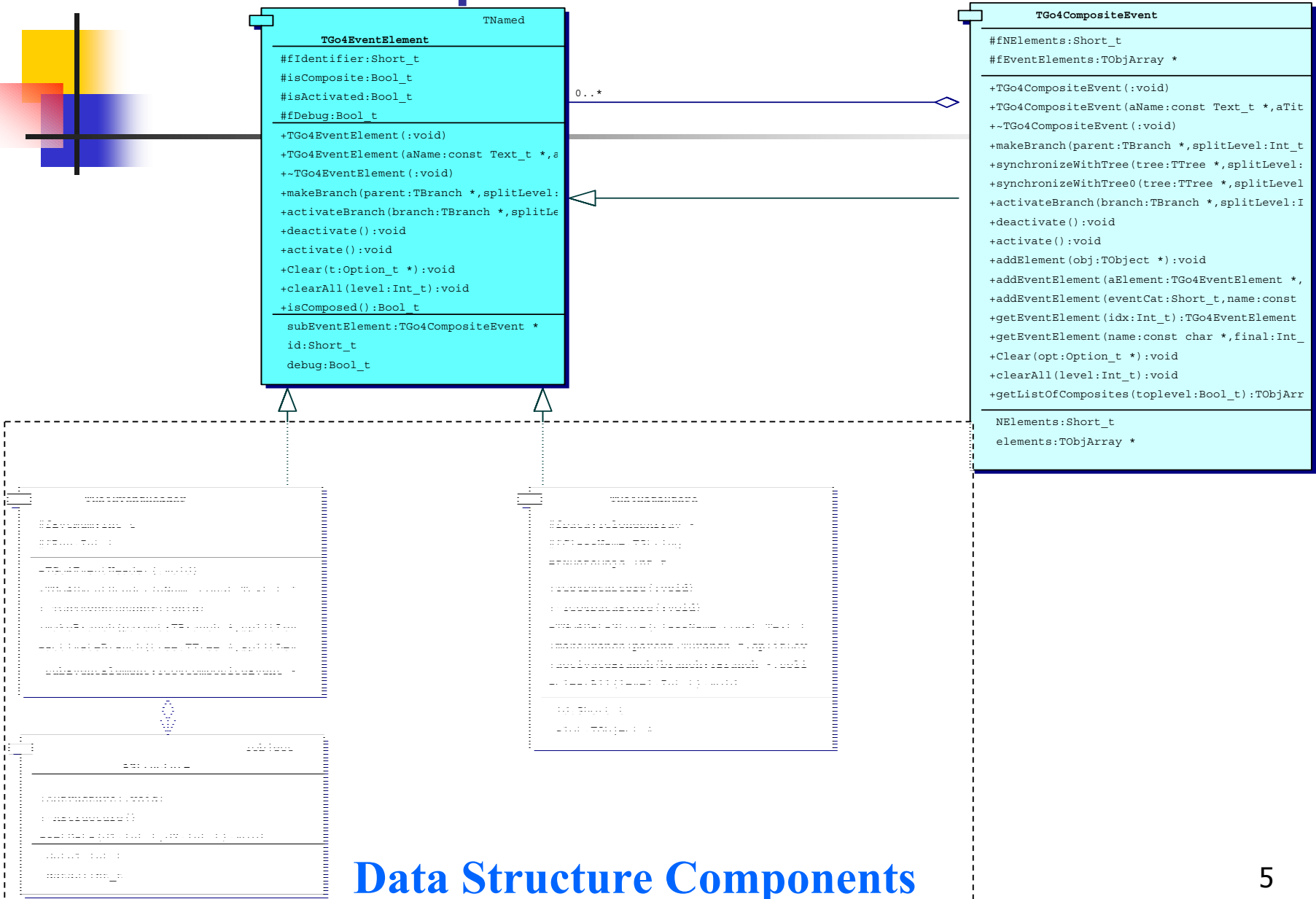


# Requirements

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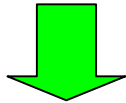
- Use pure ROOT class for IO mechanism
  - No changes in TTree or TBranchElement
- Recursive method to synchronize the composite structure with TTree
  - To retrieve user Data, no need for :
    - TTree::MakeCode()
    - TTree::MakeClass()

# OO composite model

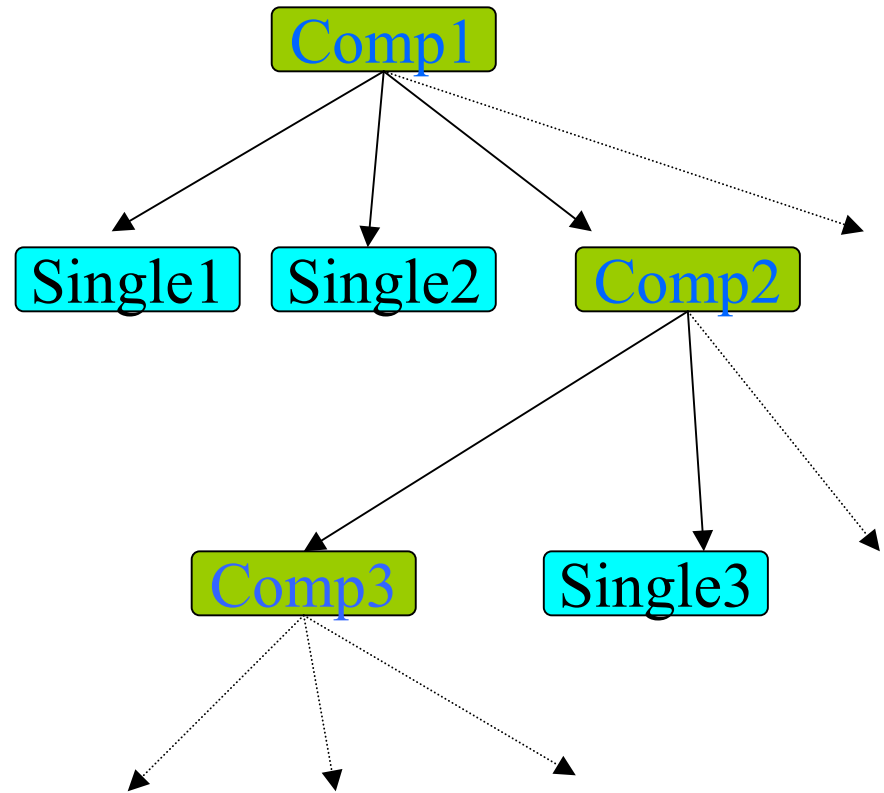


# Synchronizing with TTree

Use of recursive algorithms  
(composite OO model)



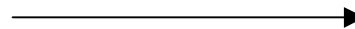
- Create branches in TTree:  
TGo4EventElement::makeBranch()  
TGo4CompositeEvent::makeBranch()
- Synchronize objects with TTree:  
TGo4CompositeEvent::Synchronize(TTree\*T)
- Partial IO:  
TGo4CompositeEvent::activate();  
TGo4CompositeEvent::deactivate();



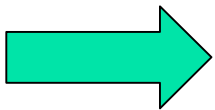
# Creating components

```
Class TGo4CompositeEvent: public TGo4EventElement{
private:
TObjArray *components;
public:
TGo4CompositeEvent(const char* name,
                   const char*title, Int_t
...
};
```

index



	→	Comp1: <b>id=0</b>
#	;	Comp1: <b>id=2</b>
	→	Comp1: <b>id=3</b>
#		
	→	Obj1: <b>id=5</b>
	→	Obj2: <b>id=6</b>
#		



**unique identifier :Id per  
components in ctor**



# Creating components

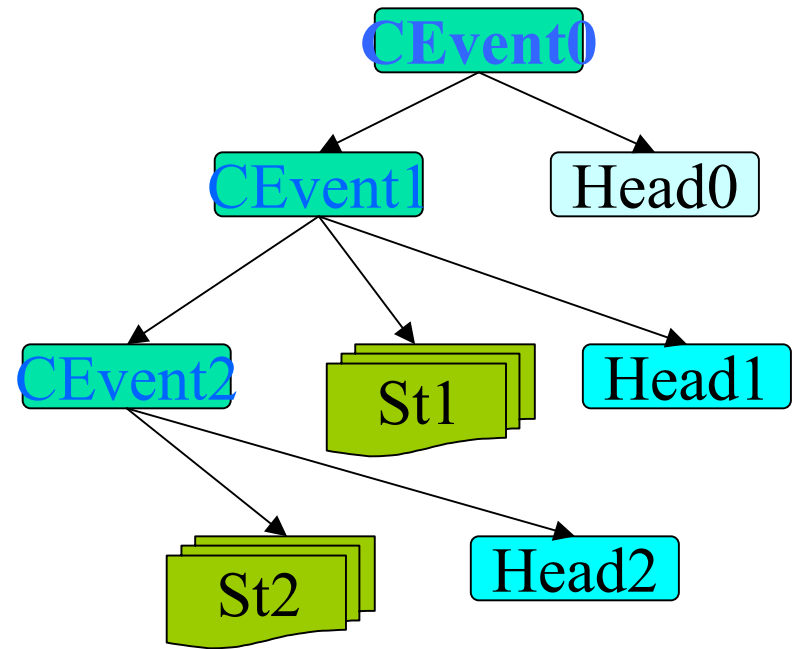
---

```
{ //user interface example
TTree *tree = new TTree("T","test");
// create some composites
TGo4CompositeEvent* event0,*event1,*event2;
CEvent0= new TGo4CompositeEvent("cEvent0","top",id1);
CEvent1= ...
// create some containers for data storage
TGo4ClonesElement* st0,*st1,*st2;
st0 = new TGo4ClonesElement("Htrack",100,"Det1",idc1);
...
// create some headers
TGo4EventHeader *head0,*head1,*head2;
head0 = new TGo4EventHeader("header0","header for
    det0",idh1);
...
}
```



# Modeling an event

```
{//Event structure modeling
// 2th composite
CEvent2->addElement(head2);
CEvent2->addElement(st2);
//first composite
CEvent1->addElement(head1);
CEvent1->addElement(st1);
CEvent1->addElement(CEvent2);
// add in top composite event
CEvent0->addElement(head0);
CEvent0->addElement(CEvent1);
// set top level branch
TBranch*b = T->Branch("top",
"CompositeEvent",&CEvent0);
//compose tree structure
CEvent0->makeBranch(b,split);
}
```





# Data retrieval (1)

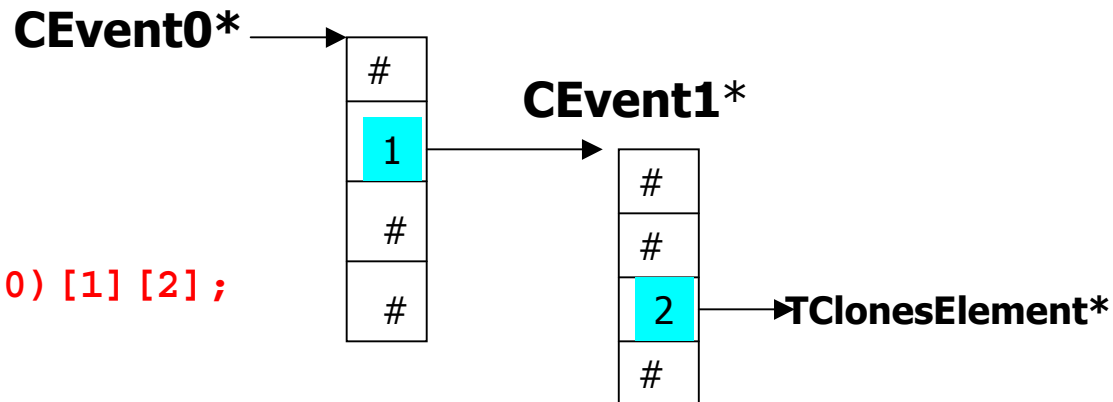
---

```
{
TFile *f = new TFile("combo.root");
TTree *tree= (TTree*) f->Get("T");
// create an instance of composite event
TGo4CompositeEvent* cEvent0 = new TGo4CompositeEvent()
// Use of a recursive algorithm to recreate
// the composite event in memory from the
// branches in TTree
CEvent0->synchronizeWithTree(T,split);
//Retrieving sub-elements
TGo4CompositeEvent* c1 = CEvent0->getElement("cEvent1");
TGo4Element *e2 = c1->getElement("head1");
CEvent0->getElement("cEvent2")->deactivate();
// then do event loop
}
```

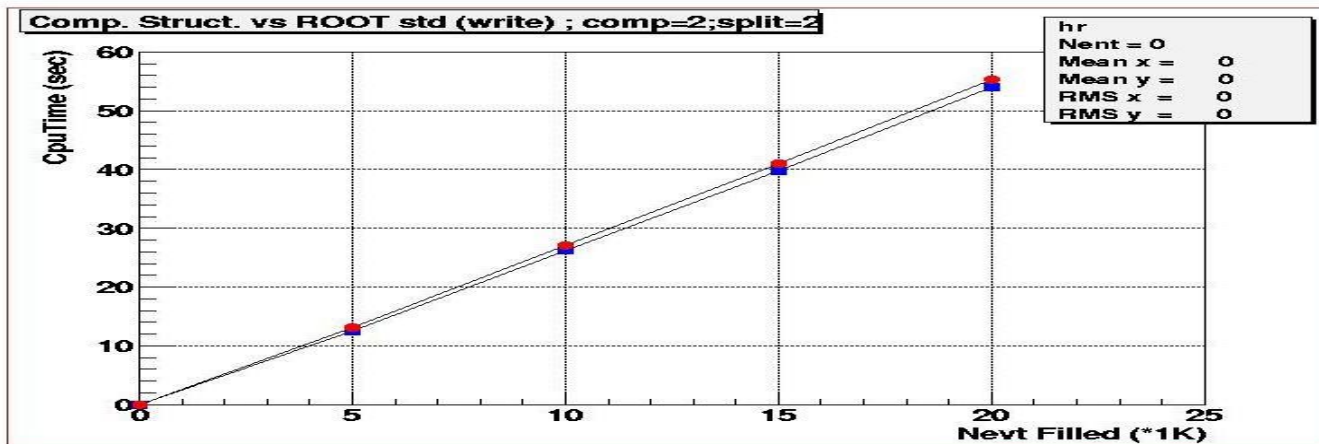
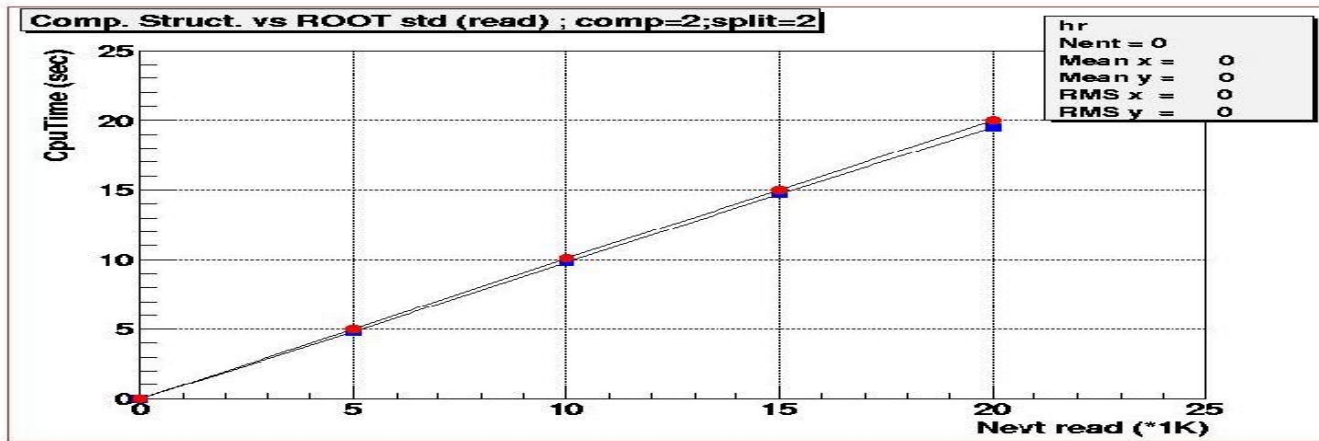
# Data retrieval (2)

```
{  
//Retrieving component by name  
TGo4CompositeEvent* c1 = CEvent0->getElement("cEvent1");  
TGo4Element *e2 = c1->getElement("head1");  
//deactive IO for this component  
CEvent0->getElement("cEvent2")->deactivate();
```

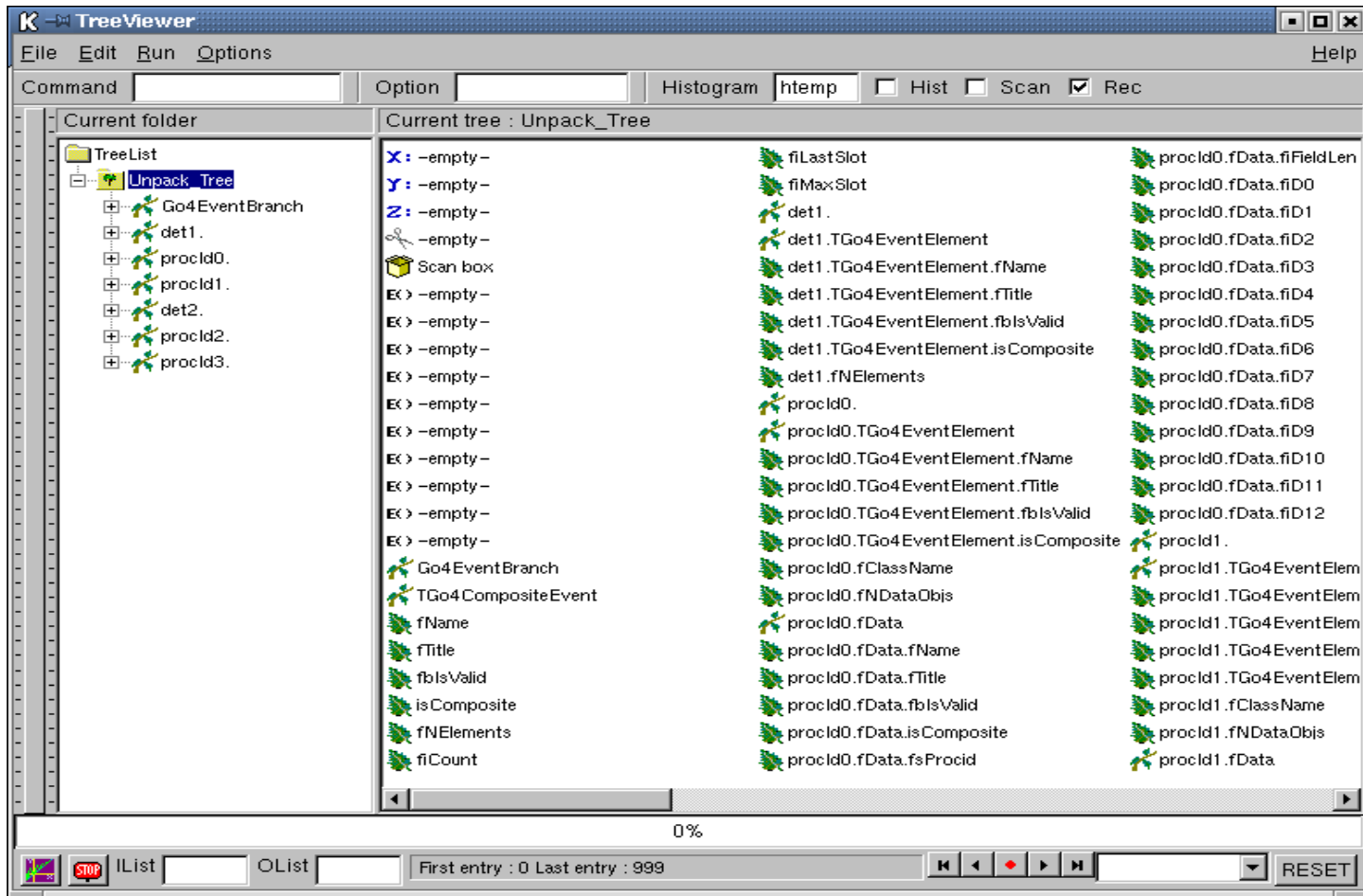
```
//Direct access by indexes  
TClonesElement* c1 =  
(TClonesElement*) &(*CEvent0)[1][2];  
}
```



# Benchmarks



# Go4Browser vs ROOT



# Go4Browser vs ROOT

The screenshot displays the Go4 Browser application window. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Remote Objects:** A panel on the left with a table for listing remote objects. It is currently empty.
- Local Objects / Local Disk:** A tree view on the right showing the structure of the file 'gauss\_RAW.root'. The tree is expanded to show a hierarchy of objects including 'Unpack\_Tree', 'Go4EventBranch', and several detector and process objects (det1, procl0, det2, procl3).
- Table:** A table on the right side of the tree view listing the objects and their types. The columns are Name, Type, size, and Mt.
- Selection Mode:** A label at the bottom left of the tree view.
- Active File:** A label at the bottom center indicating the current file is 'gauss\_RAW.root'.
- Tree Viewer:** A panel at the bottom with input fields for 'x', 'y', and 'z', and buttons for 'Clear', 'Create', 'Histogram Name', 'New Hist', and a scissors icon.
- ROOT Command Prompt:** A label at the bottom left of the interface.
- Libraries:** A label at the bottom right of the interface.

Name	Type	size	Mt
gauss_RAW.root	Root File	2296251	Tue
Unpack_Tree	TTree		
Go4EventBranch	TGo4CompositeSimpleEvent		
det1	TGo4CompositeEvent		
det1.TGo4EventElement	TBranch		
det1.fNElements	TGo4CompositeEvent		
procl0	TGo4ClonesElement		
procl0.TGo4EventElement	TBranch		
procl0.fClassName	TGo4ClonesElement		
procl0.fData	TBranch		
procl0.fNDataObjs	TGo4ClonesElement		
procl1	TGo4ClonesElement		
det2	TGo4CompositeEvent		
det2.TGo4EventElement	TBranch		
det2.fNElements	TGo4CompositeEvent		
procl2	TGo4ClonesElement		
procl3	TGo4ClonesElement		
procl3.TGo4EventElement	TBranch		
procl3.fClassName	TGo4ClonesElement		
procl3.fData	TBranch		
procl3.fData.fBits	TObject		
procl3.fData.fName	TNamed		
procl3.fData.fTitle	TNamed		
procl3.fData.fUniqueID	TObject		
procl3.fData.fIsValid	TGo4EventElement		
procl3.fData.fID0	TGo4SimpleSubEvent		
procl3.fData.fID1	TGo4SimpleSubEvent		
procl3.fData.fID10	TGo4SimpleSubEvent		
procl3.fData.fID11	TGo4SimpleSubEvent		
procl3.fData.fID12	TGo4SimpleSubEvent		
procl3.fData.fID2	TGo4SimpleSubEvent		



# Go4 examples (FOPI)

---

- Install FOPI example
- Problem statement
  - Raw data on MBS level
  - Which event structure (3 variants)?
- Create the composite events
- How to fill the event
  - Unpack+ Calibrate step
- How to read the event
  - Go4Browser
  - ROOT compiled program (t4pread)



# Go4 examples (FOPI)

---

- copy the tar-ball to your \$HOME dir:
  - `mkdir Go4FopiExample;`
  - `cd Go4FopiExample;`
  - `cp /misc/denis/go4_fopi.tar.gz .`
- Unpack it:
  - > `tar xvfz go4_fopi.tar.gz`
  - > `ln -s /s/dbertini/test4p.lmd test4p.lmd`
  - > `make all` (create MainUserAnalysis)
  - > `make reader` (create t4pread)

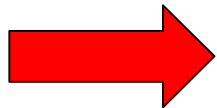




# Problem statement

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- Raw Data format on MBS level
  - Fastus ID :[1,2,3,...]
  - VME board Slot ID :[1-24]
  - TDC-ADC channel ID: [1-96]
  - Channel value



Need to reproduce hardware setup  
for online monitoring

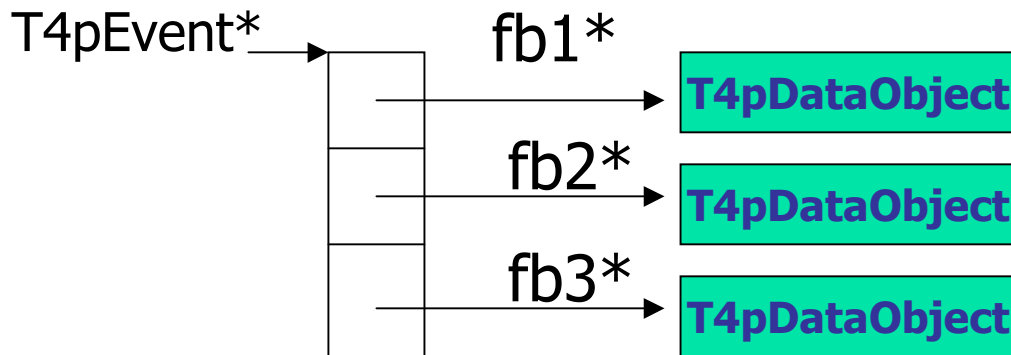


# Example contents

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- Base Go4 Classes
  - T4pEventFactory + T4pCalibrateFactory
  - T4pEventProcessor + T4pCalibrateProcessor
  - T4pEvent (event structure)
- Fopi Data Object definition
  - T4pDataObject.h
    - Class T4pClonedDataObject
    - Class T4pDataObject
    - Class T4pSlotDataObject

# Event structure (1)



Have a look at :

- T4pDataObject.h:

Class T4pDataObject:

```
public TGo4EventElement{
protected:
```

```
Int_t data[Maxslot][MaxChannel];
```

```
...
```

```
};
```

- T4pEvent.cxx
- T4pEvent() if(example==1){}
- AddF() if(example==1){}



# Run the example (1)

---

- 1\_ Use Go4 in batch mode

```
>MainUserAnalysis test4p nevt 1
```

```
>ls *.root
```

```
>>> test4p_RAW.root
```

```
>>> test4p_CAL.root
```

- 2\_ Use Go4 in remote mode

```
>go4gui &
```

```
>MainUserAnalysis -gui test4p localhost 5000 1
```

- Then from the GUI:

- Get Active Config

- Start



# Data organization (1)

---

- From Go4GUI Viewer (remote mode):
  - Find how to create :
    - 1D-hist of (fastbus=2,slot=24,chan=35)
    - 1D-hist of (fastbus=2,slot=14) **all channels**
    - 1D-hist of fastbus=2, **all slots all channels**
- Do the same from file:
  - Load lib: `libGo4CompositeStoreExample.so`
  - Open the root files from the file dialog

# Event structure (2)



Have a look at :

- **T4pDataObject.h:**

Class T4pClonedDataObject:

```
public TGo4EventElement{  
protected:
```

```
Int_t fbus;
```

```
Int_t slot;
```

```
Int_t channel
```

```
Int_t data;
```

```
...
```

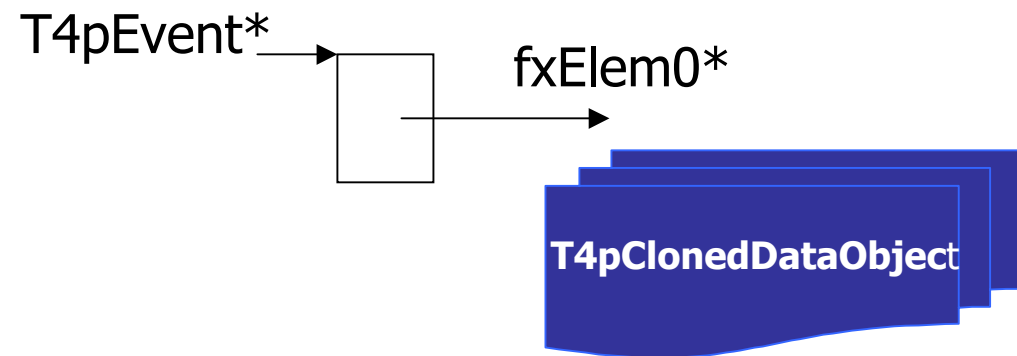
```
};
```

- **T4pEvent.cxx**

- **T4pEvent() :**

```
else if(example==2){}
```

- **::AddF() elseif(example==2){}**





## T4pEvent::AddF() (2)

---

```
else if (example== 2){
    T4pClonedDataObject *t= NULL;
    t=(T4pClonedDataObject*) fxElem0->getSlot();
    if (t) {
        //only reserved area, need to call ctor object
        t = new (t) T4pClonedDataObject();
        t->setFbus(Fnumber);
        t->setSlot(Slot);
        t->setChannel(Chan);
        t->setData(Data);
    }
}
```



# Run the example (2)

---

- 1\_ Use Go4 in batch mode

```
>MainUserAnalysis test4p.lmd nevt 2
```

```
>ls *.root
```

```
>>> test4p_RAW.root
```

```
>>> test4p_CAL.root
```

- 2\_ Use Go4 in remote mode

```
>go4gui &
```

```
>MainUserAnalysis -gui test4p localhost 5000 2
```

- Then from the GUI:

- Get Active Config

- Start





## Data organization (2)

---

- From Go4GUI Viewer (remote mode):
  - Find how to create :
    - 1D-hist of (fastbus=2,slot=24,chan=35)
    - 1D-hist of (fastbus=2,slot=14) **all channels**
    - 1D-hist of fastbus=2, **all slots all channels**
- Do the same from file:
  - Load lib: `libGo4CompositeStoreExample.so`
  - Open the root files from the file dialog



# Calibration

---

- Correct each channel content:
  - Class `T4pCalibration`
    - `gain(fastbus,slot)`
    - `offset(fastbus,slot)`
- Second step :
  - Class `T4pCalibrateProcessor`
  - Data processing:
    - `::buildCalibratedEvent (T4pEvent*)`



# T4pread

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- Mini Analysis of output ROOT files containing a Composite Event
- Use `synchronizeWithTree()` for dynamic creation of the event
- Use an internal eventloop
  - Event structure only overwritten
- Usage: `t4pread <root_filename>`



# Performance penalty

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- The event structure is the backbone of the analysis
- A wrong design can create performance penalty for **all users**
- Try to compare the performance in **Writing/Reading** data (memory, cpu, output file size ) of
  - example 0 (extended TTree -> 1 branch /slot)
  - example 1
  - example 2



# Conclusion

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- A composite Model for Event structure has been developed and tested
- No sub-classing of ROOT IO classes needed
- Easy retrieval of data via recursive algorithm
- No limitation in the composition of data objects